The Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (MACRA) ended the Sustainable Growth Rate formula, which would have resulted in a significant cut to Medicare payment rates for clinicians. The MACRA advances a forward-looking, coordinated framework for clinicians to successfully participate in the Quality Payment Program (QPP), which rewards value in one of two ways:

Calendar Year (CY) 2019 is the third year (or “Year 3”) of the MIPS. Data reported on measures and activities for the 2019 MIPS performance period will result in a 2019 MIPS final score for each MIPS eligible clinician. 2019 MIPS Final Scores will impact MIPS payment adjustment factors (and, if applicable, additional MIPS payment adjustment factors) to clinicians in 2021, referred to as the 2021 MIPS payment year.
Under MIPS, there are four performance categories that could affect your future Medicare payments. Each performance category is scored by itself and has a specific weight that is part of the MIPS Final Score. The payment adjustment determined for each MIPS eligible clinician is based on the Final Score. These are the performance category weights for the 2019 MIPS Performance Period:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Weight of MIPS Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quality</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement Activities</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promoting Interoperability</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What are the MIPS Improvement Activities?
Improvement activities are activities that relevant MIPS eligible clinician organizations and stakeholders have identified as improving clinical practice or care delivery and that the Secretary determines, when effectively executed, are likely to result in improved outcomes. Over 100 MIPS improvement activities are divided into the following nine subcategories:

1. Expanded Practice Access (EPA)
2. Population Management (PM)
3. Care Coordination (CC)
4. Beneficiary Engagement (BE)
5. Patient Safety and Practice Assessment (PSPA)
6. Participation in an APM
7. Achieving Health Equity (AHE)
8. Emergency Preparedness and Response (EPR)
9. Integrated Behavioral and Mental Health (BMH)

You can find all of the improvement activities for 2019 MIPS performance period in the [2019 MIPS Improvement Activities Inventory List](https://www.cms.gov/MIPS/). You don’t have to pick activities from each of the nine subcategories or from a certain number of subcategories; you should attest to the activities that you performed and are most meaningful to your practice.

The required performance period for the Improvement Activities performance category is at least a continuous 90-day period during the applicable performance period (for 2019, up to and including the full calendar year (January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019)).
Each improvement activity can be reported only once during the 12-month performance period, unless otherwise specified within the improvement activity description.

What are the New, Modified and Removed Improvement Activities for the 2019 MIPS Performance Period?

Six new improvement activities are available for 2019 performance period. They are:

- Comprehensive Eye Exams (Activity ID: IA_AHE_7)
- Financial Navigation Program (Activity ID: IA_BE_24)
- Completion of Collaborative Care Management Training Program (Activity ID: IA_BMH_10)
- Relationship-Centered Communication (Activity ID: IA_CC_18)
- Patient Medication Risk Education (Activity ID: IA_PSPA_31)
- Use of CDC Guideline for Clinical Decision Support to Prescribe Opioids for Chronic Pain via Clinician Decision Support (Activity ID: IA_PSPA_32)

Five existing improvement activities were modified; modifications are effective in 2019. Modifications were made to the following improvement activities:

- Care Transition Documentation Practice Improvements (Activity ID: IA_CC_10)
- Chronic Care and Preventative Care Management for Empaneled Patients (IA_PM_13)
- Participation in MOC Part IV (Activity ID: IA_PSPA_2)
- Use of Patient Safety Tools (Activity ID: IA_PSPA_8)
- Implementation of Analytic Capabilities to Manage Total Cost of Care for Practice Population (Activity ID: IA_PSPA_17)

One improvement activity was removed from the Improvement Activities Inventory beginning in 2019 because it is duplicative of IA_PM_17: Participation in Population Health Research. The removed activity is Activity ID: IA_PM_9.

For additional details for each of the above-listed activities, including the subcategory, activity description and weighting, please refer to Tables A & B in Appendix 2 of the CY 2019 PFS final rule. These tables are located at 83 FR 60287 and 83 FR 60295.
What are the 2019 Improvement Activities Performance Category Reporting Requirements?

The maximum number of points available for the Improvement Activities performance category is 40. MIPS eligible clinicians generally receive 10 points for each medium-weighted improvement activity and 20 points for each high-weighted improvement activity. Clinicians and groups with certain special statuses (see page 4 of this Fact Sheet) receive 20 points for each medium-weighted improvement activity and 40 points for each high-weighted improvement activity.

If one MIPS eligible clinician (identified by TIN/NPI) in a group (identified by TIN) completes and attests to an improvement activity, the entire group will receive credit for that improvement activity. MIPS eligible clinicians, groups and virtual groups that don’t attest to any improvement activities will get 0 points in this performance category unless they are identified as a MIPS APM participant who will be scored under the APM scoring standard, which is at least 50 percent. All MIPS eligible clinicians reporting as a group will receive the same Improvement Activities performance category score if at least one clinician within the group performed an improvement activity for a continuous 90 days in the performance period.

*NEW for 2019* Under the Promoting Interoperability performance category, we adopted a new approach for scoring that moves away from the base, performance, and bonus score methodology. This approach removes the availability of a bonus score for attesting to completing one or more specified improvement activities using CEHRT beginning with the CY 2019 performance period and future years.

Beginning with the 2019 MIPS performance period, CMS is not awarding bonus points for completing improvement activities using Certified Electronic Health Record Technology (CEHRT) Qualifications for reduced reporting requirements are discussed in more detail below.

You’ll have fewer reporting requirements for the Improvement Activities performance category if you’re a MIPS eligible clinician who qualifies for one of these special statuses:

- In a small practice – a TIN consisting of 15 or fewer eligible clinicians during the MIPS determination period.
- In practices located in rural areas (rural areas are defined as ZIP codes designated as rural using the most recent Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA) Area Health Resource File data set available)¹

¹ The Area Health Resources Files (AHRF) are available [here](#) and include data on Health Care professions, Health Facilities, Population Characteristics, Economics, Health Professions Training, Hospital Utilization, Hospital Expenditures, and Environment at the county, state and national levels, from over 50 data sources.
In practices located in a geographic health professional shortage area (HPSA)\(^2\)
- Non-patient facing
- Participating in an APM or MIPS APM
- In a practice that is certified or recognized Patient Centered Medical Home (PCMH) or comparable specialty practice.

The reporting requirements for clinicians who qualify for special statuses (other than those participating in an APM or in a certified or recognized PCMH or comparable specialty practice) are summarized on the right-hand side in the graphic below, while reporting requirements for clinicians who do not qualify for special statuses are summarized on the left-hand side:

**Reporting Requirements for Clinicians With or Without Special Statuses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinicians Who Do Not Qualify for Special Statuses</th>
<th>Clinicians Who Qualify for Special Statuses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MIPS eligible clinicians in practices with &gt;15 clinicians</td>
<td>Groups or Virtual Groups with &gt;15 clinicians (not in a rural or HPSA-designated areas) and/or clinicians located in a rural area or HPSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 high-weighted activities</td>
<td>1 high-weighted activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 high-weighted activity and 2 medium-weighted activities</td>
<td>2 medium-weighted activities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(\text{*Note: When reporting as a group or virtual group, your small practice, non-patient facing, rural or HPSA designations must be granted at the group or virtual group level to qualify for the reduced reporting requirements described above. Specifically, more than 75% of the National Provider Identifiers (NPIs) billing under your group's Tax Identification Number (TIN) or virtual group's TINs must be designated as either non-patient facing, rural or located in a geographic HPSA. Non-patient facing determinations are made using claims and Medicare Provider Enrollment, Chain, and Ownership System (PECOS) data analyzed during the two segments of the MIPS determination period. Rural area and geographic HPSA determinations don't use the MIPS determination period.}\)

**Reporting Requirements for Individual MIPS Eligible Clinicians & Groups that Participate in a Recognized or Certified PCMH or Comparable Specialty Practice**

A MIPS eligible clinician who is in a practice that is certified or recognized as a PCMH, including a Medicaid Medical Home Model, Medical Home Model, or comparable specialty practice, will receive 100 percent for the Improvement Activities performance category. For the 2019 MIPS payment year, at least one practice site within a group’s TIN must be certified or recognized as a patient-centered medical home or comparable specialty practice. For the 2020 MIPS payment year, at least one practice site within a group’s TIN must be certified or recognized as a patient-centered medical home or comparable specialty practice.

\(^2\)A list of designated HPSAs is available using HRSA’s [HPSA Find tool](https://www.hrsa.gov)
year and future years, at least 50 percent of the practice sites within a group's TIN must be recognized as a patient-centered medical home or comparable specialty practice.

A MIPS eligible clinician or group must attest to their status as a PCMH or comparable specialty practice in order to receive full credit.

**Reporting Requirements for Individual MIPS Eligible Clinicians and Groups that Participate in an APM or MIPS APM**

MIPS eligible clinicians participating in MIPS APMS are scored under the APM Scoring Standard and are assigned an Improvement Activities performance category score. This score will be at least 50 percent of the highest potential score and may be higher. CMS will develop an Improvement Activities performance category score for each MIPS APM by comparing the requirements of the specific MIPS APM with the list of improvement activities in the Improvement Activities Inventory. After completing this comparison, if the MIPS APM does not receive the maximum Improvement Activities performance category score, the APM entity can submit additional improvement activities. Individual MIPS eligible clinicians that participate in APMs that are not classified as MIPS APMs will receive at least a 50 percent score and will need to select additional improvement activities to achieve the highest score.
# How Do I Submit Improvement Activities?

Improvement activities may be submitted using the following submission types, summarized in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Submission Type</th>
<th>Definition/Additional Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Direct</td>
<td>Individuals, clinicians, groups, virtual groups, and third-party intermediaries can perform a direct submission, transmitting data through a computer-to-computer interaction, such as an Application Programming Interface (API). A third-party intermediary is an entity that has been approved to submit data on behalf of a MIPS eligible clinician, group, or virtual group for one or more of the quality, improvement activities, and promoting interoperability performance categories - such intermediaries can be a qualified registry, a qualified clinical data registry (QCDR), a health IT vendor or other authorized third party that obtains data from a MIPS eligible clinician's CEHRT, or a CMS-approved survey vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login and upload</td>
<td>Allows individual clinicians, groups, virtual groups, and third-party intermediaries to upload and submit data in the form and manner specified by CMS with a set of authenticated credentials. Currently, this occurs on qpp.cms.gov.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login and attest</td>
<td>Individual clinicians, groups, third-party intermediaries and virtual groups with a set of authenticated credentials can log in and manually attest to their improvement activities data on qpp.cms.gov.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For each improvement activity that is performed for at least a continuous 90-days during the performance period, individuals, groups and/or virtual groups using the “log in and attest” submission mechanism must attest to the improvement activity by submitting a “yes” response for each of these improvement activities within the Improvement Activities Inventory.

Groups and virtual groups can attest to an improvement activity if at least one clinician in the group or virtual group participated in the improvement activity for a continuous 90-days during the performance period.
Please note the following additional Improvement Activities reporting requirements:

- **“NEW for 2019”** Beginning with the 2019 MIPS performance period, MIPS eligible clinicians, groups and virtual groups may submit improvement activities data using multiple data submission types provided that the individual clinician/group/virtual group uses the same and consistent identifier(s) for all performance categories and all data submissions.

- There are several improvement activities related to participation with a QCDR. To receive credit for these improvement activities, you must perform the improvement activity for a minimum of a continuous 90-day period and attest to the improvement activity during the submission period if using the “login and attest” submission mechanism or have the QCDR submit the specific improvement activities on your behalf. Simply participating with a QCDR and having them submit data for the Quality or Promoting Interoperability performance categories does not satisfy any requirements for the Improvement Activities performance category.

The methodology used to score the Improvement Activities performance category, including information about category reweighting under specific circumstances, will be provided in a separate document.

**Data Accuracy**

CMS believes it is important to ensure the Quality Payment Program is based on accurate and reliable data. Under MIPS, CMS will validate data on an ongoing basis. MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, or virtual groups may also be selectively audited by CMS.

If a MIPS eligible clinician, group, or virtual group is selected for audit, they would be required to comply with data sharing requests, providing all data as requested including primary source documentation. CMS may reopen and revise a MIPS payment adjustment as a result of the data validation or auditing process. CMS requires all MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, and virtual groups that submit data and information to CMS for purposes of MIPS to certify to the best of their knowledge that the data submitted to CMS is true, accurate, and complete. All MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, and virtual groups that submit data and information to CMS for MIPS must retain such data and information for 6 years from the end of the MIPS performance period.
Receive Improvement Activity Performance Category Credit by Way of a CMS Study

The “CMS Study on Factors Associated with Reporting Quality Measures” assesses root causes of clinician burden associated with the collection and submission of clinical quality measures for MIPS. Participation is voluntary; clinicians nominate themselves to participate and CMS selects a cohort from the volunteers. Successful completion in this study results in full credit for the Improvement Activities performance category. To meet the 2019 study requirements, study participants must:

- Partake in two web-based survey questionnaires, and
- Submit data for at least three MIPS clinician quality measures during the 2019 MIPS performance period; and
- Be available for selection and participation in at least one focus group meeting.

For more information about changes made to study requirements between the 2018 and 2019 performance periods, please refer to pages 16-17 of the 2019 QPP Final Rule Overview Fact Sheet.

What is the Annual Call for Activities?

The Annual Call for Activities is a process allowing clinicians and organizations including, but not limited to, those representing eligible clinicians such as professional associations, medical societies, and other stakeholders such as researchers and consumer groups, to identify and submit new improvement activities or modifications to current improvement activities for consideration. Proposing a new improvement activity or modification to an improvement activity for consideration is completely voluntary and not a requirement of participation; new or modifications to improvement activities are added to the Inventory through notice and comment rulemaking.

Beginning with the 2019 MIPS performance period, improvement activity nominations or modifications received in a particular year will be vetted and considered for next year’s rulemaking cycle for possible implementation in a future year. For example, improvement activity nominations submitted during the CY 2019 Annual Call for Activities would be vetted and if accepted by CMS would be proposed during the CY 2020 rulemaking cycle for possible implementation starting in CY 2021. Therefore, the submission timeframe for the 2019 Annual Call for Activities is February 1 through July 1. Nominations will be added to an Improvement Activities Under Review (IAUR) List. Instructions for how to nominate improvement activities will

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3 This study was formerly named the “CMS Study on Burdens Associated with Reporting Quality Measures”
be available in the 2019 Improvement Activities Performance Category Call for Activities Submission Form.

For a complete description of changes made to the Annual Call for Activities, effective in 2019, please refer to pages 16-17 of the 2019 QPP Final Rule Overview Fact Sheet.

Where Can I Learn More?
If you have questions, contact the Quality Payment Program at 1-866-288-8292 (TTY 1-877-715-6222), available Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM-8:00 p.m. ET or email at QPP@cms.hhs.gov.

Technical Assistance
We provide no cost technical assistance based on your practice size and location to help you successfully participate in the Quality Payment Program. To learn more about this support, or to connect with your local technical assistance organization, we encourage you to visit our Help and Support page on the Quality Payment Program website.